Off-campus Access Technologies for Library Resources

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Why Off – Campus Technologies??

- Increasing Digital Content
 - Large number of publishers / E-Resources
 - Cost / Rol / Vol
- Expectations of Digital Natives & Digital Migrants
 - Seamless access to licensed content
 - Break restrictions Geographical, time
- Increasing trend of distance education (MOOCs)
- Pandemic crisis







Modes of Remote Access

Remote Desktop Tools

VPN

Proxy Servers

Federation tools

- Simple applications
- One to one (Client -Client)
- RDP Protocol & **Proprietary**
- OS dependent

- Secure personal connection on Internet to office network
- **Client-Server Technology**
- **Encrypted** Communication
- **Tunneling protocol** (L2TP/IPSec, PPTP)
- **ExpressVPN**
- **NordVPN**
- **OpenVPN**
- **Openswan**

- Tools to access geo-restricted content
- Middleman between requester & content provider
- Acts as gateway
- Web Applications
- Masks the requester
- URL rewriting

Library Proxy server tools

- **EXproxy**
- Remotexs
- Knimbus

- **Federation between** institutions & **Publishers**
- **Works on Federation** protocol SAML 2.0
- IDPs & SPs
- SAML (XML) metadata communication
- No IP business

Library federation tools

- Shibboleth
- **OpenAthens**

- TeamViewer
- Anydesk
- **Remote Desktop Web** Connection
- RemoteUtilities

- **OpenConnect**

VPN Vs. Proxy Servers

VPN	Proxy Servers
Client –Server architecture	Web Based
Personal credentials for user	Personal credentials for user

Used to access all type of operations Mainly used to access web content

HTTP

Data encryption

Security ??? Highly secure

Tunneling protocol (L2TP/IPSec, PPTP)

Provide access through VPN server

Slow

MON

No Data encryption

Mask user IP to service provider **Relatively Fast**

Library Proxy Tools: Features

- Provides authentication and mediation between institutions & databases / publisher websites
- Provide access to content via IP (Internet protocol recognition) by relying outside IP into inside IP
- •Communicate with URL rewriting (http://arc.aiaa.org.nal.remotexs.in/)
- Authentication is provided
 - User ID/ Password
 - •LDAP /

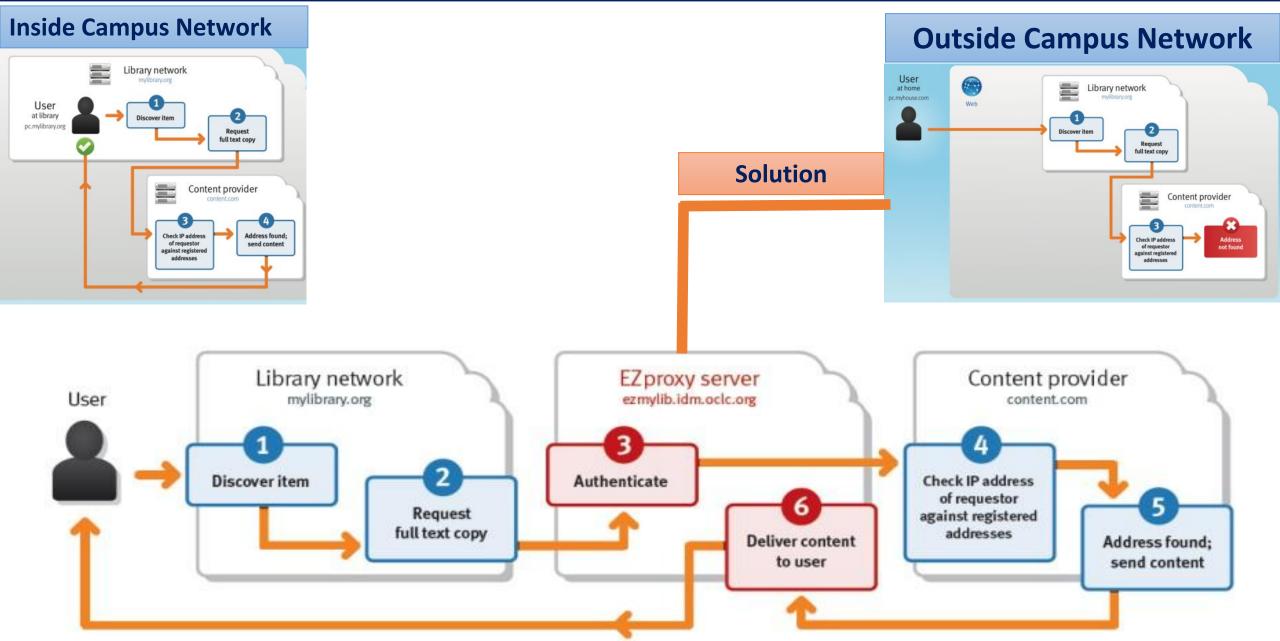
Popular Library Proxy Servers

- EZproxy by OCLC
- •Muse[®] Proxy by Edulib
- WAM proxy by iii innovative a ProQuest company
- Remotexs
- Knimbus GIST

Proxy Servers: EZProxy

- Middleware- single sign-on proxy solution for many resources by OCLC
- Available as standalone / hosted service (SaaS)
- 24/7 reliability for e-content access
- Built to protect user privacy Open SSL
- Integrates with many library systems
- Monthly summary usage reports
- EZproxy Analytics Module
 - Easy-to-read view of e-resource usage across all subscriptions
 - Ability to create custom reports and visualizations
 - Responsive user interface
 - Collaboration features like share and export

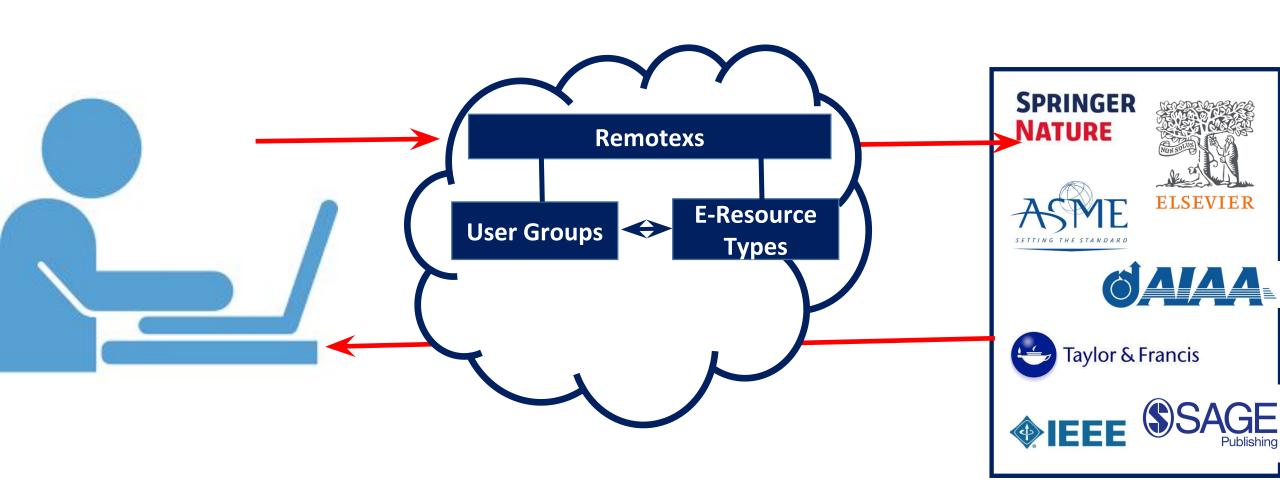
EZProxy: Workflow



Proxy Servers: RemoteXs

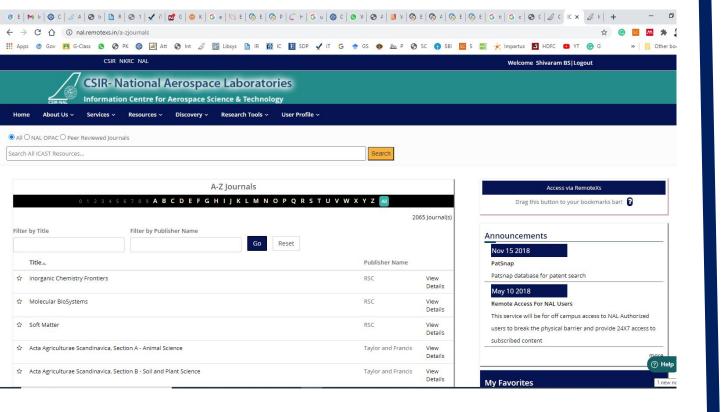
- Cloud based off-campus access solution
- Developed using DRUPAL CMS
- Search & Browse functions for subscribed content
- Enables to map specific Content & specific Users
- Robust Usage statistics module with dashboard
- Responsive interface
- Integrated E-mail service
- SDI service

RemoteXs: Authentication Process

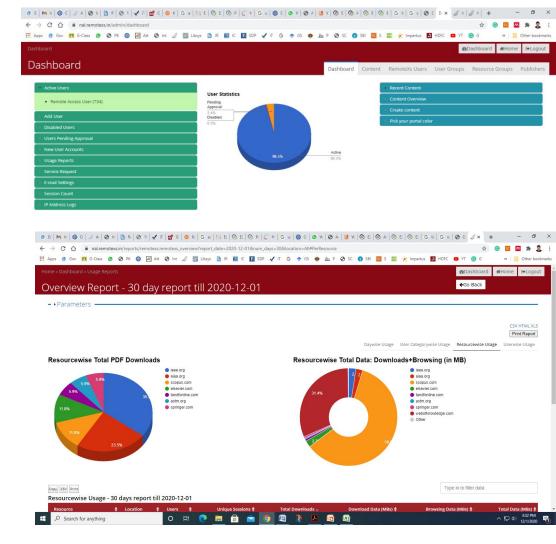


RemoteXs: CSIR-NAL

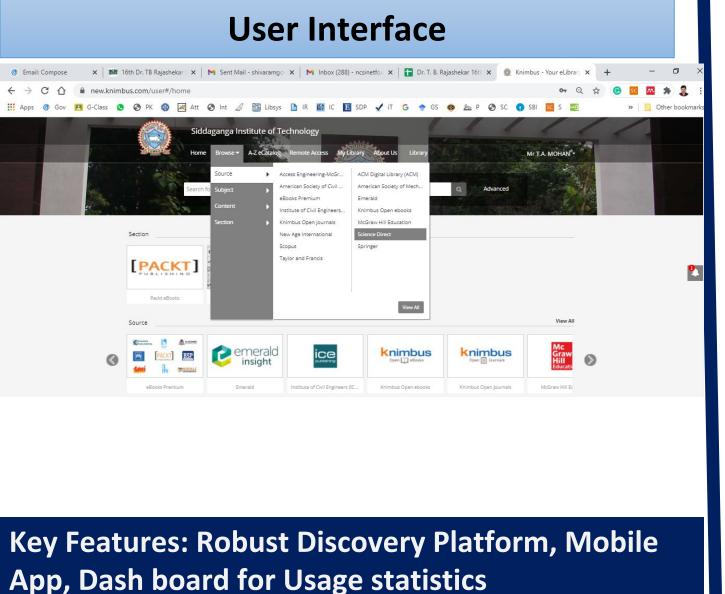
User Interface



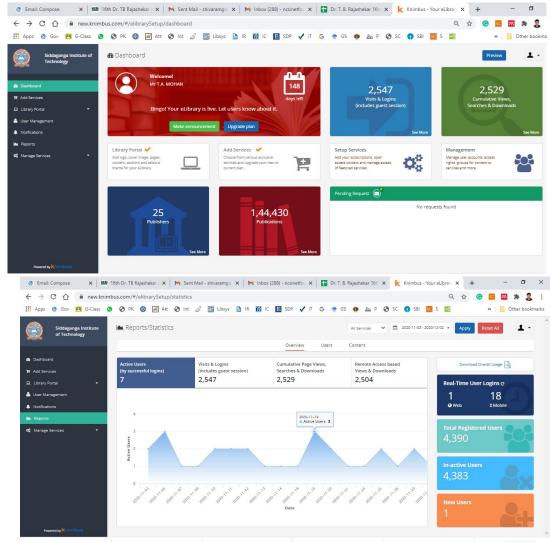
Admin Dashboard



Knimbus: VTU Consortium



Admin Dashboard



Federation Technologies (Shibboleth)

- Single Sign on technology
- Two entities
 - IDPs Identity providers: authenticates the users and issues signed and encrypted SAML assertions to the SP
 - SPs Service Providers: ensures that the user is authenticated and protects the content against unauthorised access
- •Federation managers INFED from India, Internet2 of USA, JISC of UK,
 - Centralized agency to coordinate with member institutions in the process of implementation of user authentication and access control mechanism
 - Use standardized rules and metadata for exchange of attributes between IDPs
 & SPs
 - SAML protocol and XML communication

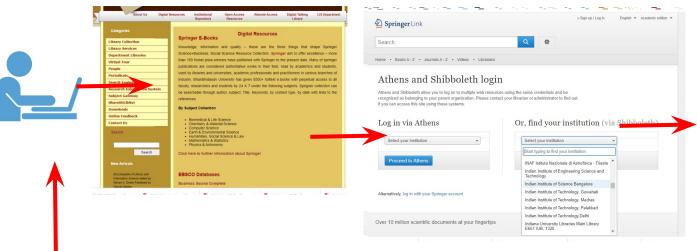
Federation Authentication Process (Bharathidasan University)

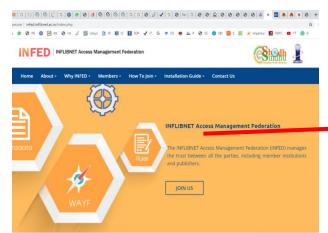
Library Home Page

SP (Service Provider)

Federation Manager

https://idp.bdu.ac.in/







Shibboleth SP Metadata (SAML)

<?xml version="1.0"?> <md:EntityDescriptor xmlns:md="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:metadata" validUntil="2020-12-04T08;49:25Z" cacheDuration="PT604800S" entityID="Springer"</p> <md:SPSSODescriptor AuthnRequestsSigned="false" WantAssertionsSigned="false" protocolSupportEnumeration="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:protocol"> <md:KeyDescriptor use="signing"> <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"> <ds:X509Data> <ds:X509Certificate>HTTP</ds:X509Certificate> </ds:X509Data> </ds:KevInfo> </md:KeyDescriptor> <md:KevDescriptor use="encryption"> <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#"> <ds:X509Data> <ds:X509Certificate>HTTP</ds:X509Certificate> </ds:X509Data> </ds:KeyInfo> </md:KeyDescriptor> <md:NameIDFormat>urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified</md:NameIDFormat> <md:AssertionConsumerService Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-POST" Location="https://link.springer.com/athens-shibboleth-loging."</pre> </md:SPSSODescriptor </md:EntityDescriptor>

Attributes

- eduPersonTargetedID
- eduPersonEntitlement
- eduPersonScopedAffili ation
- eduPersonOrgDN

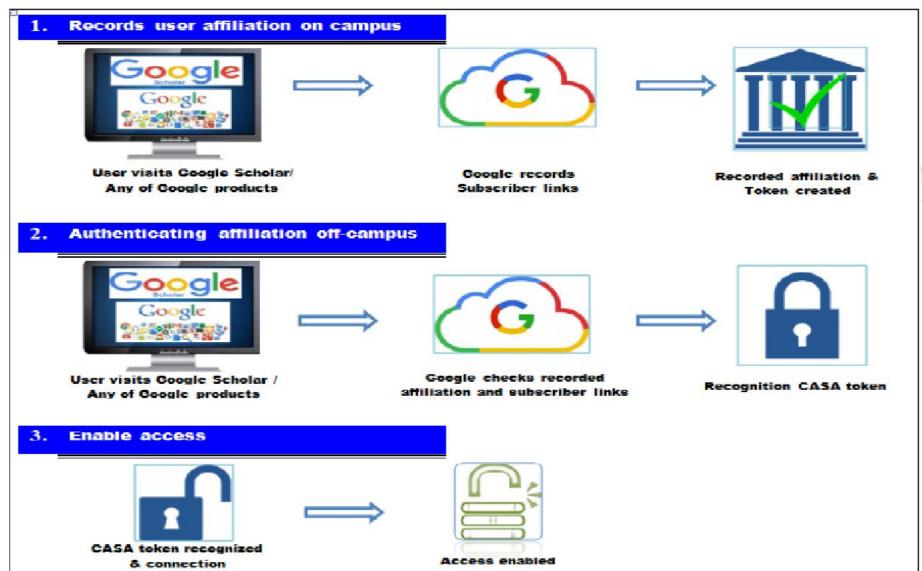
Shibboleth Idp Metadata (SAML)

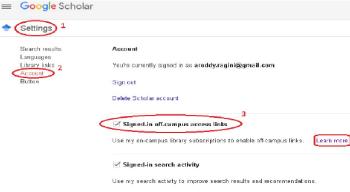
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       </ds:X509Data>
      </ds:KeyInfo>
    </md:KevDescriptor>
   <md:KevDescriptor use="encryption">
     <ds:KeyInfo xmlns:ds="http://www.w3.org/2000/09/xmldsig#">
         <ds:X509Certificate>HTTP</ds:X509Certificate>
       </ds:X509Data>
     </ds:KeyInfo>
   </md:KevDescriptor
   <md:NameIDFormat>urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:1.1:nameid-format:unspecified</md:NameIDFormat>
   <md:SingleSignOnService Binding="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:bindings:HTTP-Redirect" Location="https://libraryidp.iisc.ac.in/"/>
 </md:IDPSSODescriptor:
</md:EntityDescriptor>
```

Google Scholar CASA (Campus Activated Subscriber Access)

- Google Scholar CASA service started in 2017-18
- CASA is **free and automatically** enabled service through Google Scholar (Google Account)
- It works through Publishers participation (Not all publishers are participating)
- •Resources accessed on campus can be continued to be accessed from off- campus —by **temporary tokens** created through Google account (30 days).
- Need to enable Signed-in off-campus access links under Google scholar settings -Accounts
- It remembers the access settings through a cookies

CASA Workflow





Conclusion

•Off-Campus technologies Enhance of usage of subscribed e-content & empowers users with 24 X7 access

Helps in providing seamless access to subscribed content

•Several options available to implement, need to decide which one suits best

Thank you